

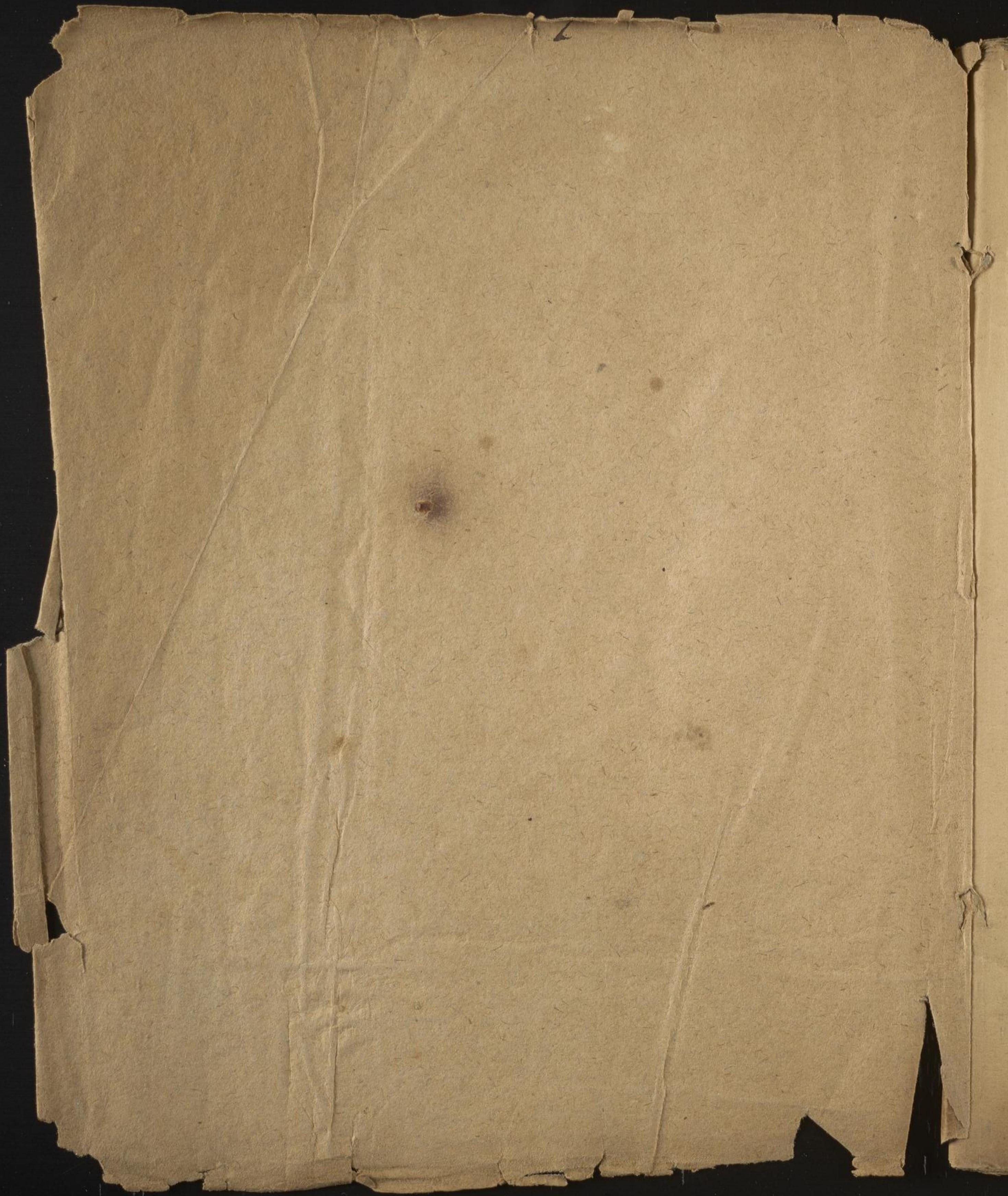
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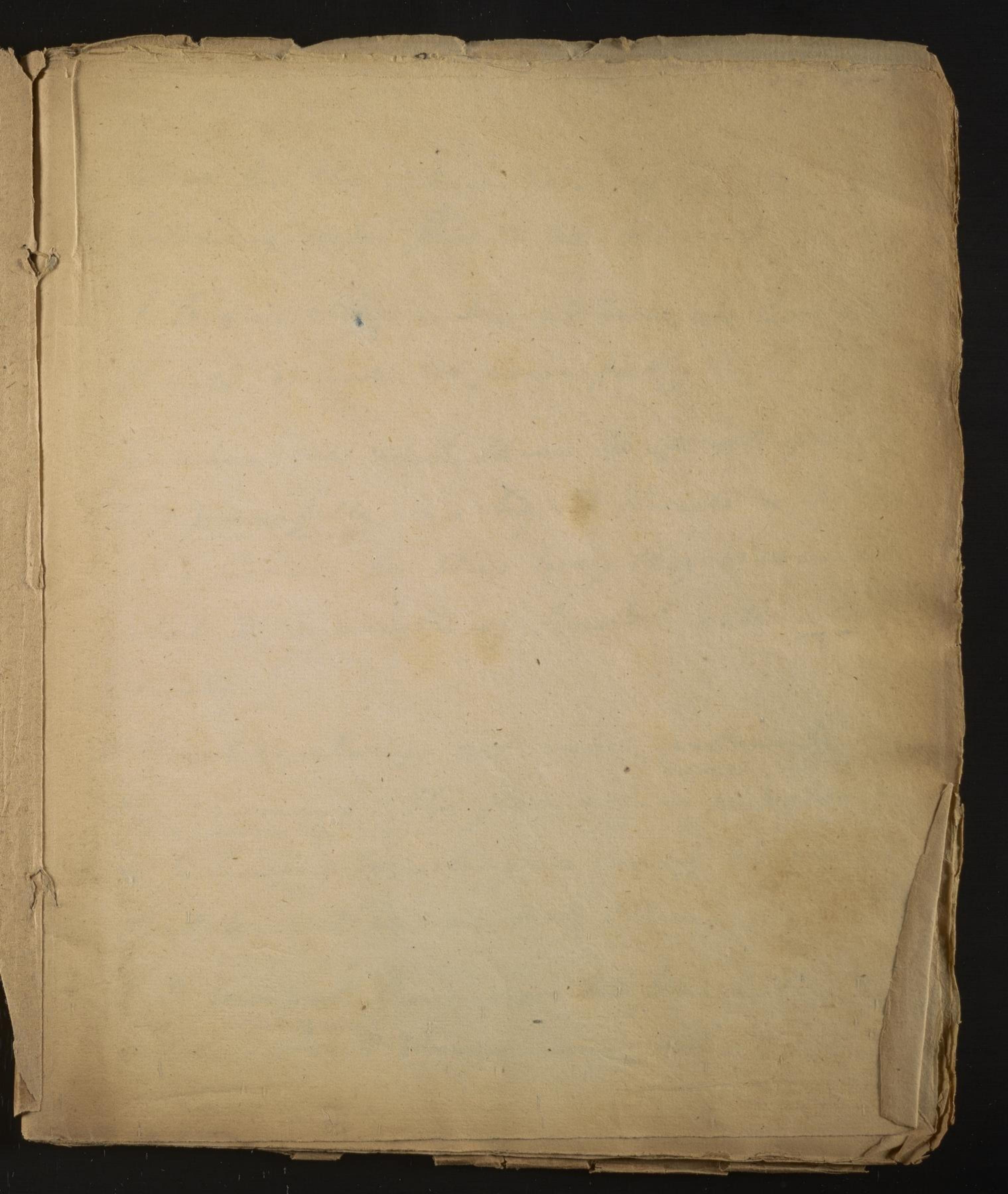
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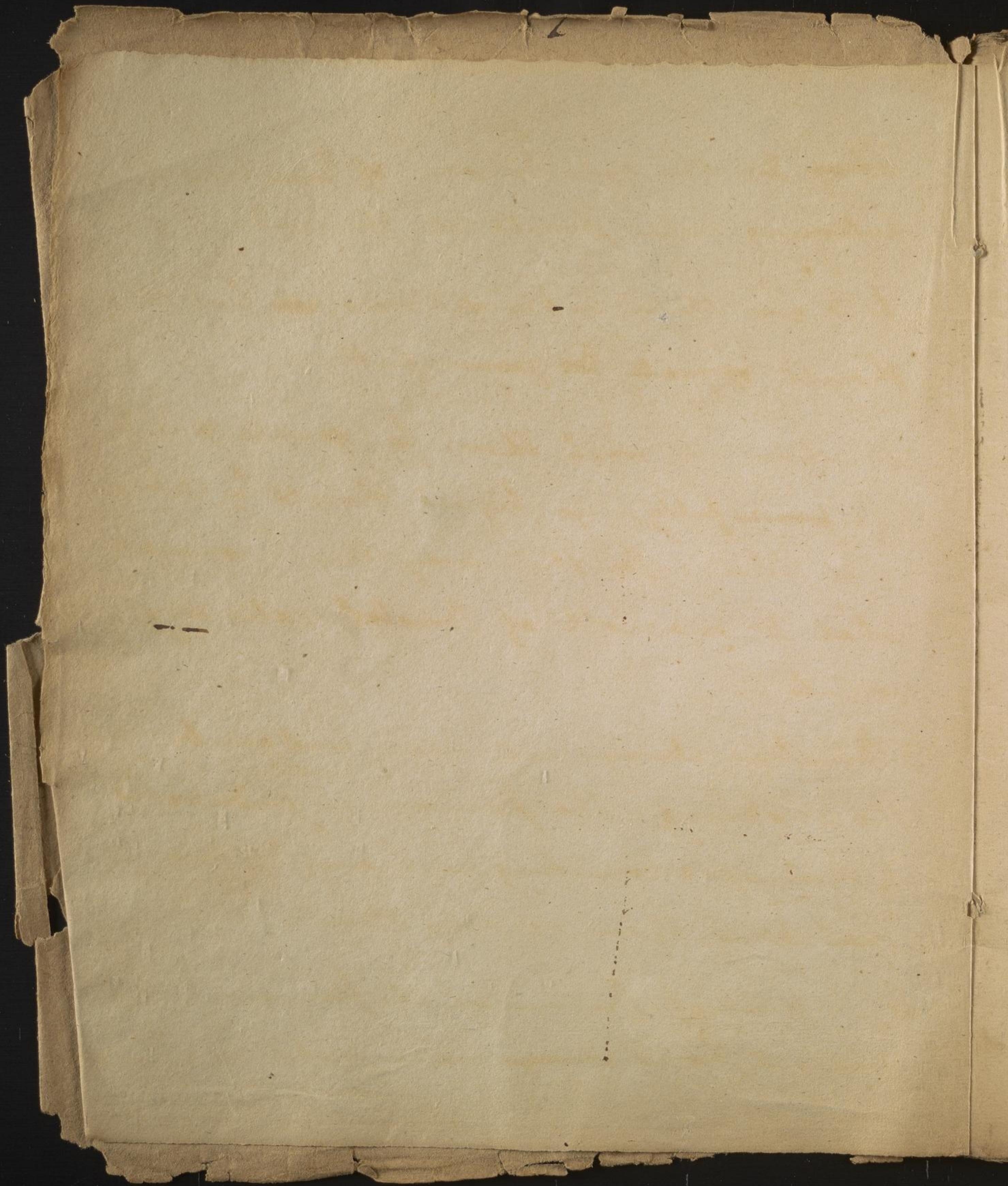
On Therapeutics

E. A.

Spence







1
They In the exhibition of Emetics the following rules should be observed.

- 1 To give them individual doses, ~~so~~ lest they should operate too powerfully.
- 2 When we wish them to operate speedily and powerfully, no liquid should be taken after them. In this way they become what Dr Marrotte of Bristol calls dry vomits.
- 3 Emetics always act most certainly in ^{more} the morning. The stomach is predisposed to sickness & vomiting in many diseases at that time, than at any other.
- 4 To prevent spasms on the stomach, a patient should always never lie in a lying posture.

Upon the subject of Enemetics, I
must add, that where they are
safe, and indicated, we do ~~less~~ ^{should much more} trouble
with them than by repeating them
every day, or two or three times
a week, than by a single dose in
the beginning of a disease where
an accidental puking from disease
or from any thing offensive taken
into the stomach, it generally continues
from one to three or four days. The
Enemetic practice often continues after
the principles which introduced them
have passed away. This is the case with
Emetics. They were given formerly
only to discharge morbid matter
from the stomach, & hence a single

2

5 When an Emetic operates more than we
wish, it may be checked, by a few drops of
Laudanum or a Spoonful of Salt dissolved in
a few Ounces of Water.

✓

Emetics are forbidden 1 In all cases of
great Congestion in the head, and lungs.
2 In an inflammation of the stomach and
bowels.

3 In the first stage of all highly inflam-
mable fevers.

4 In the advanced stage of pregnancy, & in
persons subject to, or afflicted with ruptures.

5 In ~~cases~~ all cases of low chronic fever, &
of general debility exceeding acute diseases.

+ cold water acts in two ways. 1 by reducing ~~the~~ the excitement of the capillaries ~~but less~~ when excited,
2 by exciting them by means of ~~reassured~~^{this reacting} so
as to overcome the sedative effects of the water.

The Indian mode preaches. I shall call these
~~extreme events~~.

Very much has been said of the spasmodic
actions of the stomach & capillary vessels.

It may be explained upon the principle of
continued sympathy. for the stomach, bowels
and brain ^{Osophagus} these are all enveloped in a
membrane which renders them easily im-
pervious by the same stimuli. It con-
stitutes the outward & inward surface of the body.

Injuries when its excitement is divided, insuffusions
on one part of it tend to equalize its ^{it} excitement.
Is the ^{excited beyond the sweating point} capillaries ~~too highly excited?~~ Insuffusions
on the stomach abstract from that excitement,
& thus open the pores. Are they below the sweating
point? Insuffusions on the stomach convey
excitement to them, & thus open the pores. — ^{The} ~~These~~

of Diaphoretics

They are such remedies as increase the discharge through the pores by sweat or insensible perspiration. They consist

1 of such Remedies as act directly on the skin. They are the sudorifics - ~~the sweat bath~~ ^{heat} ~~water~~ ^{salt} - applied by means of air - water - vapor - sand - & clay to the whole body, - wreaths applied to the lungs by covering the head with a blanket - bottles and bricks applied to the feet - cold air & cold water shot applied to the whole body, also cold water applied in suspension to each other - and lastly rest and exercise. I shall call them external sweets +

2 such remedies as act upon the pores by means of an action excited in the stomach. These act by vomiting. They are inducing vomiting & purgatives. But there are medicines which open the pores without生病 the stomach. These are Nitre & Cuprum as in small doses.

I shall call them stomach sweets

3 such medicines as determine the fluids from the internal parts of the body to the skin, by acting chiefly upon the stomach & blood vessels. These are Vinegar

~~platina
last is called direct. The former is in aem Sympa-
thy.~~

✓ the sweating point. They had this effect in a convenient degree in the yellow fever of the year 1793 - and hence 10,000 were often called not only a sweat purging but a sweating powder. Dinges chub sweets, but it is only when the Syphon is below the sweating point.

A moisture up on the skin is often more useful than sweat - Pringle says ~~that~~ ^{it} this is remarkably the case in the close of typhus or jail fever.

adult spirits 4
Wine - the two snake roots & Cornsnile &
Antimony - ~~the~~ Dovers powders, & Eupatorium.
~~stimulated Sweats~~
4 such Remedies as act by the stimulus of
Distortion - those are diluting Drinks of all
kinds. — ~~Diluting Sweats~~

5 Purges. These act by reducing the system to

This class of Remedies is indicated

1. in ~~all~~ certain cases where a matter foreign
to the blood circulates ^{this is} with it. That certain
sometimes the case is evident from many facts.
The miasmata which produce the yellow fever
float in the blood for many days & perhaps weeks
but without mixing with it. Pers & even
hony matter are often diffused in like manner
in the blood, & eliminated from it ~~throught~~
^{by the} kidneys in Urinary excretion. The miasmata of
fevers tend more to escape from the pores
than thro' any other excretory before they
excite disease, hence they are ^{sometimes} perceived in the
discovered by their smell in the Sweats of persons
infected by them. I have seen a curious kind of

v the poison of several venomous animals
it is said is expelled from the blood by the
Indians wholly by sudorific medicines.
~~Dr Abiphant~~ tells us that hunting

5

Medical facts by a Dr Croppfield in which he relates that one of his fellow students in Edinburgh was always cured of the disease by a spontaneous discharge of sweat. He once saw him he says soon after an external infection. He had a large chancre on his penis. ~~less the~~ The Dr. advised him to take 3-
~~the~~ his friend declined it, relying his ultimate upon nature for a cure. Sometimes afterwards he saw him in perfect health. - He said his disease had passed out of his system by his pores, and added that the shirt he ~~we~~ had worn during his fevers had become so brittle as not to bear washing without being torn to pieces. — V

The Remedies proper to discharge the fads of diseases from the blood, should be taken from the 1. 3. ^{& viz extirpational - tinctures, adiluting.} Clap's. Gobiphant informs us that sweating need of any other kind than

~~V. I would remark here that as the
use of Diaphoretic med's, was founded upon
the doctrines of morbilli matter & formation,
they are best suited to cure the ~~manifesta~~
~~of~~ fevers has been discovered to be seated in
the ~~solid~~ ^{blood vessels} instead of the ~~thin~~ blood.~~

Draughts always did harm in the fevers of
Gangrenous. They are happily calculated ~~and~~^{not}
only to produce sweat by distention, but they
blunt acrimony in the fluids.

2 Diaphoretic Remedies are proper in all fevers
where the action of the bloodvessels is so moderate
as to forbid Bloodletting. They are indicated in
a more especially manner in fevers which have
a centrifugal direction - such as the Gout &

Rheumatism when they affect the limbs.

3 The 2.3 & 4 Slops. Stomachic - Stimulating -
They are indicated in all diseases of the bowels
particularly Colic & Dysentery. The 1.2.4.

External - Stomach & Diluting

4 — In Tropical swellings of the anaerobic
kind. The Land Bath cured ~~the~~ A person on board
Adm Dampier's ship in his voyage round
the world.

5 In fevers in which a disposition to sweating
is discovered by nature.

V a sweat appeared on that part of his
body only which was wetted with cold
water.

The following rules should be attended to in
the ~~exhibition~~^{use} of diaphoretic ^{Remedies} medicines.

I shall divide these rules according as they are intended

~~to~~ ^{for} promoting perspiration, or sweat.

To be used in your Hydrocephalus.

1 To promote perspiration lying in bed should

be recommended. we perspire more in 9 or
^{when awake} hours in bed than in 15 out of it. flannel

the likewise be worn next to the skin.

2 meals subdivided into five & 6 in day. I
remember took notice of the effects of this prac-
tice in increasing perspiration in a former

lecture. - 2-3 times in every day

I drink 2 or 3 times in day why not 4-5-6

3 ~~probably~~ great attention should be paid
to the heat of the body in all our attempts to
promote sweat.

No permanent, voluntary
sweat can be induced while the heat of the
body is above 108° you saw this in Lawe's case.

4 The temperature of the drinks given to excite
sweats should be regulated by the heat of the body.
They should be cold - when below it is above 108
- warm when below 108.

V There are cases in which they should
be withheld. They are proper, as when they
are given to blunt, or evacuate a remedy
or to induce sweets by distillation,
or poisons, but in case of ~~of~~ redundant
fluids, from obstructed excretions, they should be
withheld.

~~I flannel was made next to the skin is
one of the best modes of paroxysms~~

5 In fevers - the ~~sweats~~^{should be regulated by the} to be effectual should
stage of the disease . In their forming states,
they often extinguish them, - when formed,
they do harm - if the fever be of a highly
inflamed nature .

6 Sweats should be suspended occasionally lest
we do exhaust our patients too suddenly . Deple-
tion by the pores should require the same
caution as depletion by $V\delta$ & abstinence .

7 Great care should be taken to change the
linnen sheets or blankets when they are
impregnated with morbid sweat . They
soon become - a fresh remote & exciting
cause of febrile paroxysms .

8 It is common to give diluting
~~Ginger or Sassafras~~^{drinks should be given to} support patients who are under the use
of sweating remedies of any kind . - Best ^V

Dr. W.

I believe they do happen in the typhus
state of fever. Sir Dr. Wm. G. found this
to be case in the close of the hospital
fever. ~~A soft skin~~ Death is frequently
accompanied with ~~the~~ sweat in the
close of this disease. A soft skin is
all that should be looked for in it.

I
g uncommon care should be taken to prevent
this being suddenly ^{exposed} by cold air. —

- 1 Diaphoretics are forbidden in all cases of great inflam^d action in the blood vessels, & in cases of weak morbid action as well as a state of debility from exhausted excitant & excitability. ✓
- 2 They are forbidden when the weather, without affording any relief. —

I shall conclude by remarking that this very popular remedy is unknown among the birds. They instinctly resort to purges - vomits & even to bleeding, but none of them ever has recourse to a sweating medicine.

v liquor from a barrel; the 3 last set more
certainly as a Remedy where they have been in
the habit of acting upon the kidneys in health.

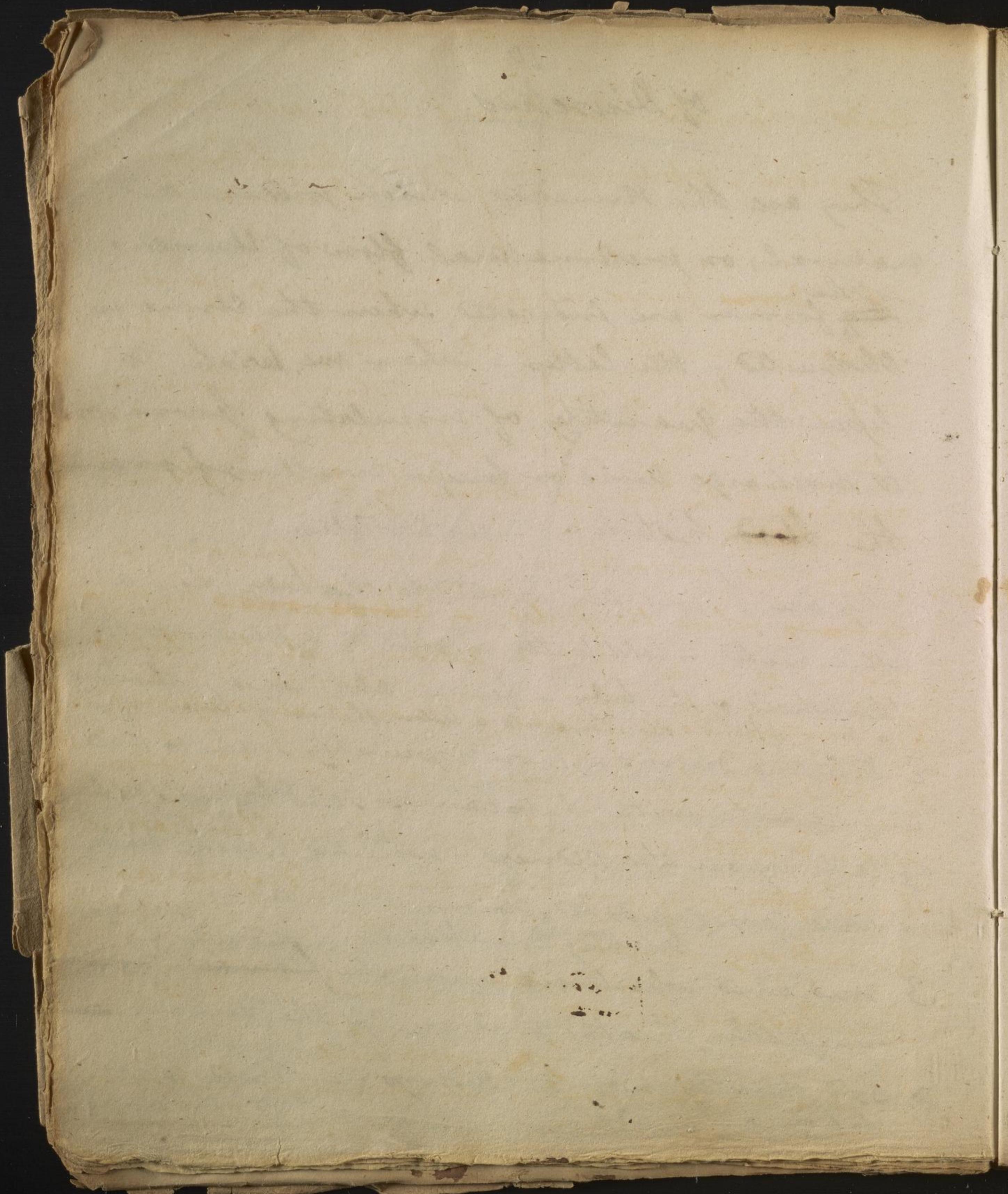
D'Wolff mentions the case of a man in
whom the sound of a ~~few~~ Bugpipe always
produced an inclination to make water.

It is possible many people may have a
~~with~~ similar peculiarity in their constitutions
to certain sounds. ~~This~~ when they are
known we should not fail to avail
ourselves of them to promote the secretion
excretion of Urine. Ounces applied to
the pubis of the discharge urine especially
from Children are External Diuretis

of Diuretics

They are the Remedies which produce a natural, or pretermatinal flow of Urine.
 The former are indicated, when the Urine is obstructed; - the latter - when we wish to lessen the quantity of circulating serum, or to discharge acid or foreign matters from the blood system. — as dipletors

They are 1: cold air applied to the body when a little heated - cold water applied to a part, or to the whole of the body - fear - abstinence - climbing a pair of stairs - descending into a cellar - the noise of a stream of 2 Diluting Drinks - more especially such as are impregnated with substances said to act specifically upon the kidneys - such as parsley - endive - wild carrot seeds &c. onions -
 diluting diuretics perhaps kidneys by
 3 medicines which act upon the stomach. —
 Sympathy thro' the medium of the stomach,
 and directly upon the kidneys. — There are salt Tart: mineral of the mineral salts — the vegetable —



" 11 "

Aids - Squills - Colchicum - & Sanguinaire &
Foxglove - Preparations of Iron. *stim. nephritici*
stimulants
They are indicated

1 for dropsy fevers where the kidneys refuse to
perform their Office, and where an obstruction
of the function of Urine takes place without pain.
The 1st Clap is proper here - especially rising in bed
according to the practice advised by Dr Sydenham.

2 They are indicated in dropsical effusions of
all kinds where the pulse is ~~accelerated~~ ^{or other symptoms} discover
marks of great morbid action. all the Claps
are proper here - The 1st ^{or external} should be preferred
until the system is prepared for the 2nd & 3rd.
Fear & Abstinence tho' simple in their nature
have often performed wonders in dropsies as
I shall say hereafter.

3 In Dropsies of ~~other~~ ^{moderate} morbid action. The 2nd & 3rd
especially from chiefly proper here.
They are forbidden in all cases where the kidneys
are affected with Inflammation - - & chronic diseases.

V This Sympathy, or Association of Action
 exists between the Stomach & lungs themselves
 itself very plainly in the short, & obstinate
 Cough which is often excited in Children by
 worms in the Stomach. — The lungs in like man-
 ner act on the Stomach — hence a sinking often
 attends a Cough — hence perhaps the inflamⁿ. of
 the Stomach ⁱⁿ the yellow fever — from Action
 not ~~recd~~^{recd} but not felt by the lungs — &
 conveyed to the Stomach. Happily this class
 of medicines is less necessary than formerly
 from the more liberal use of the lancet
 in diseases of the lungs. ^{3rd stages} But they
 have at I believe upon the lungs ~~by~~ by exhaling

~~They are forbidden in all cases where the kidneys are affected with inflammation.~~

I have included Expectorants among the stimulants which indirectly act as sedatives ~~indirect sedatives~~ or medicines used to open morbid excitement by removing certain matters from the body. They are employed to discharge excess sputum - spume from the lungs. ~~They do not~~ They act upon the lungs thro' the medium of the trachea in passing into the stomach, ² & this the medium of the stomach ~~in which~~ where some of them act by exciting an action which suspends or excites an action in the lungs. ^{get opposite p: 12} ✓

They are 1. Demulcents as flaxseed & brown tea, Barley water - liquorice - sugar - honey, & vapor alone, or impregnated with Vinegar - horseradish &c - & Sennka root.

a Vapor from the Stomach which insinuates itself into the Glottis, and thus stimulates the lungs by coming in contact with them.

Vol: Salt - Tar - Garlic - & oz of Amber act in this way. They even pass out of the mouth - ~~in~~ & remedy acts ~~by the~~ partly by revulsion, ^{inverse} by exciting

& partly by ~~that~~ sympathy which ~~exists~~ ^{exists} the skin, impels action in the lungs. - hence they are ~~most useful where there is cough~~ from a continuation of membrane, ~~for the same pellicle which extends~~ without expectoration.

over every internal part of the body & the alimentary canal from the pharynx to the Rectum, extends likewise ^{this} all the windings of the bronchial Vessels in the lungs.

In contiguous Uterus. It should be used only in a languid state of that viscus. Emenagogic should be different according to the obstruction is acute, or chronic, or attended th great or subtle action, or torpor in the vessels of the uterus. They may all be known by the state of the pulse, which I have observed to

26.

2 Emetics & purgatives medicines, such as
Firills - Ipecac. Tinct Emet. & Puska. —

3 Volatile salt - emulsions whey - Tar - Garlic
Ointments ~~the smoke~~ ^{Vapors} of Tar & bran - & the smoke
of Bees wax & Rosin. — also Blisters by the last ✓
They are indicated

1 In pneumoniae - Catarrh & pulmonary
Coughs ^{Catarrh} w: inflammatory symptoms. nos. 2.
2 In to the same diseases, accompanied with
weak morbid action in the lungs. n° 3.

Emenagogues

I know of have ~~ever~~ introduced this class of
medicines into my Therapeutics in conformity
to custom; for I know of no medicine that acts spe-
cifically upon the uterus in promoting the excretion
of menstrual blood. Much has been said of madder
as a specific Emenagogue; but I can say nothing
in its favor, from my own experience. Aloe
promotes the evacuations only by the stimulus it
imparts to the rectum being extended to the U

✓ They consists 1, of such things as act slowly
such as Spanish, & some Other flies - ~~The exhalation~~
~~of hot water~~ the ~~to~~ inner bark of
certain trees - of the roots of certain plants,
The gipsy's quality of flies is said to reside in ^{the} wings -
2 ~~and of boiling water~~ of any application
such as flies, mustard &
which acts suddenly ~~hot~~ boiling water.
how applied. See Distock, letter.

= sympathize in a remarkable manner
with the actions of the womb. In quiet minded
excitement vs. purges & abstinence are
the proper Remedies. In weak excitement,
~~or~~ terror of the Repels - the Remedies should be
Chalybrates - exercise - and matrimony.

Blisters

This class of Remedies is ~~employed chiefly
and often to discharge humor from
the body and to~~ employed ~~chiefly~~
the blood, thro' the pores by inflaming the
skin, and thus producing an effusion between
the Cutis & Cuticula. ✓

They are indicated in general diseases of a
moderate action in which cases they deplete from
every part of the body. To do service - a great num-

- ber of them must be applied at the same time.

The 3rd proper

2 In local congestions - in the head - breast - stomach
liver & joints. The 4th.

3 In ~~diseases~~ sudden diseases in which congestions occur
suddenly, and threaten life from their affecting vital
parts - the sudden extinction of life. n^o 2. by
a flannel -

The following rules shd. govern us in the
use of this class of Remedies.

1 To suffer the Blisters to lie on the body till

V 4 In such related Diseases, it is of
little consequence to what parts of
the body Blisters are applied, like
as in similar cases, they differ alike
from nearly every part of the body.
¶ They seldom ~~want~~ ^{rarely in their effects} do much service
Diseases of the bowels, Stomach, Liver, or
Spleen except when those parts adhere from
inflammation to the external integuments of
the body. Without this adhesion, there is
no sympathy from Contiguity, & in a circum-
-lent posture of the body, none from conti-
-guity.

5 ~~They are~~ In malignant fevers where
there is a great tendency to gangrene, they
should be applied to the parts ^{which} are

it produces a ~~profuse~~^{large} discharge, or in common language till it rises, tho' be even for 24 hours. but, it may be taken off in 4. 6. or 8 if it rises within those hours.

2. Blisters to the head - never rise - they discharge ~~from~~^{by} a gentle owing. Blisters ~~will~~ not be taken off from the head in less than 24 hours. ~~they~~ sometimes rise best, near ~~not~~ on the diseased part. either on pain.

3. Blisters seldom ~~make~~ discharge ~~matter~~^{matter} after the 2nd or 3rd dressing. It will be better when depletion is our principal object) to apply fresh blisters than to keep old ones running matter for 2 or 3 Days.

4. ~~5.~~ 6 - Disease to be loosened first -

They are forbidden 1. in diseases of great morbid action & 2nd in diseases of weak morbid action. There is a precise point of disease in which they are only proper, ~~does~~ in general diseases. In fevers without much local determination - that point is in the typhoid state of the pulse. In

VI There are cases where Blisters are applied at what I have called the blistering point, they discharge serum only. When they are applied above ^{this point} ~~it~~ - they produce a sore, which soon secretes pus - when they are applied below it - they either do not rise ^{at} all - or they induce

gangrene. We sometimes see them discharge serum first - then pus - this is favourable, as it shows the system to have risen to the suppulsive action again we see them discharge serum, and then a blackish ^{shows} tanie; this is unfavourable; as it shows the ^{system} to have descended from the blistering point to the gangrenous point. There are diseases I shall say hereafter which require Blister before the system descends to the blistering point. Internal suppuration

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Cases of great local congestion - they may be applied in the synochoid - synochula - & even Synocha states of the pulse. ✓

If they are forbidden in habits highly irritable, & in persons subject to suffer much from the strangury sometimes induced by them.

~~If they are forbidden, or should be used with great caution in pregnancy.~~

= are ^{often} ~~best~~ ^{with advantage} opposed by external suppuration, and these are best effected by Blisters when they are applied ~~before~~ before the system descends to the point of serious effusion. In Dr Crammon's Dropsies ~~not inflamed~~ they do most service when they discharge serum only. ~~The sympathy of actions is of~~ great consequence in both these cases.

V all act - directly, or indirectly by equalising
excitement, and thus in this, ~~we have found~~
the restoration of a diseased body to health
consists. — **O** ne below.

+ = more issues - , because they produce
some irritation which produces a revulsive
effect action & 2 from the ^{incomplete} Sympathy of the
Skin with the lungs - ^{produce} ~~they cause~~ excitement
of the Skin, lessens excitement in ^{the} lungs.
Parts destined to important functions
as walking &c.

OI have thus mentioned the Remedies for
disease in its ^{visible} & sensible forms. —
when nearly all the same remedies
are required when Disease descends to
Oppression, or Iffocative Treatment,
~~it turns out~~ —

This class of Remedies is intended to lessen the quantity of fluids in the body by discharging them in the form of pus from artificial sores. — They are ~~not~~ Ipues properly so called - fetors - and perpetual Blisters. The

They are indicated, in all cases where a gradual abstraction of redundant fluids is required - as in plethora^{gout}, Consumption, &c a tendency to diseases of fulness in the brain. In those two diseases I have preferred perst: Blisters to ~~it~~ cont: 2 In local congestions - where danger arises from fulness & pressure upon parts essential to life. 3. In cutaneous humors - on exposed parts. or ~~it~~ After the system has become habituated to them, & they should be ~~not~~ healed with great caution & never without substituting some general, or local evacuation in their room. with this we finish the 5th head of our Remedies, & the 5th of our syllabus. V This

not

V It will be necessary to name all the
medicines which belong to these classes.
~~Every kingdom of nature has passed forth~~
~~by force~~ You will find them in Dr. Cullen,
or hear them from the Professor of
Nat: medica. They are derived as you will
see from the vegetable & animal kingdoms
from Airs and waters - and from a hundred
of the parts of the man. I shall occasionally
mention a few of the most powerful &
useful of them, and mention likewise some
of their subdivisions.

— But they require a different mode
of application. They must be applied
gradually, — This will be necessary for two
reasons ; to ascertain whether the system
be oppressed, or prostrated ; if prostrated,
the lep. Hairules we abstract, the lep.
we injure the system — and if oppressed,

31

~~22~~ All which act on
of Stimulating Remedies

~~bloods are fed: or from~~
These Remedies have been subdivided into many
Clases. I shall divide them into 2 - viz stimu-
lants properly so called - by which I mean
such medicines as are given in a diseased state
of the body for the purposes formerly mentioned
of reducing the system, by depletion, or for exciting
in ways ^{2 Tonics} actions to be mentioned hereafter. ~~by & strengtheners~~
by which I mean Medicines intended to ~~act upon~~
~~the~~ ~~predisposing~~ ~~or subsequent~~
~~brought to the body~~ debility of diseases. — ~~I need not repeat to~~

~~You that they both act by~~ ^{the former} ~~I need not repeat~~
~~to you that they both act by converting excitab.~~
into excitement, when they ~~can~~ cure diseases
without abstracting any portion of fluids
from the body: ^{but the reverse.} It will be sufficient here barely to
~~now is it necessary that I should repeat~~
~~no~~ ~~repeat~~ ~~that~~ different stimulants act differently

So we prevent the two hidden, or
convulsive ~~and~~ resuscitation of excite-
ment. as I shall say hereafter Stimulants
should be ~~not~~ applied gradually. The
same advantages attend the gradual
abstraction of Stimuli. This principle
will be illustrated in many of the diseases
~~which~~ are to be treated of in the practice of
Physic. I have said nearly all the Remedies
are proper in the Oppressed state of the
System that are proper in open & sensible
~~& smiching~~ morbid excitement.
Cold water is always improper when there
is an absence of heat which is often
the case in suffocated excitement. Eg
cold feet & even chills in yellow fever.
and only by Dr. -dissipates. ~~September 1031~~

~~or stimulating it~~

~~The next~~ I cannot dismiss this class
of Medicines =

32

upon different parts of the body. E.g.: Bitters
chiefly act ^{upon} the Stomach - astringents on the
bowels - Bark on the blood vessels - mercury
on lymphatic Glands - and ^{lead} Opium oil of
amber on the muscles - Asafoetida on the
nerves - and Wine & Opium upon ~~all~~ every
moveable fibre in the body.

I shall first take Notice of
~~I exclude from the Class of Remedies now~~
under Consideration all those stimulants w^{ch}
destroy morbid action by their expansive force.

They have been improperly called sedatives.

They act by destroying the irritability of the
blood vessels and muscular system. ~~Digitalis~~
also Digitalis - Alkalies used to do this.
Pigments of Lead, & several of the poisonous plants
- opacids

Lately introduced into medicine, act in this
way. This operation is analogous to that
of carcinoma when they produce malignant
tumors, or when they ^{prolong} ~~supress~~ the system below

✓ In Hemorrhages and Epilepsy the following
have sometimes proved useful where Repleting
remedies have been used to no purpose, in ~~the~~
leaving the irritability of the Arterial & venous
systems.

— without suggesting to you, their
great importance in medicine. This will
appear when we attend to the different issues
the operations of nature & of thy Practitioners who
~~of Nature and your best best~~ but follows the
follow her, and
aspirations of Science in the treatment of
acute diseases. While the diseases which require
Sedatives or depletion, are left to the care
of nature ^{and thy Votaries,} who ~~were~~ expels the excitab^y
of the system ^{is enlarged} without reducing its

The cases in which
the point of reaction. ~~These remedies~~
These remedies are proper are but few, the
^{Direct} ~~Remedies~~ should generally be preferred to
them. They are even where they depress
the system, they seldom cure, without the
subsequent aid of stimulating & tonic remedies.

- ~~However all the biostatic~~ ^{Opium, or} The consumpt.^{ns}
Dropsy when relieved by Digitalis have generally
returned where this ^{has} not been the case, in
the course of a few weeks or months. ✓

Again ~~I~~ ^{rather} ~~and~~ ^a mode of using
~~for~~ ~~the~~ ~~digitalis~~ ^{again} ~~again~~ These is ~~one~~ mode of using
Stimulants on which it is ~~incumbent~~
~~upon me~~ to decide before I proceed any further,
and that is to exhibit them in such a
manner as to reduce great morbid ex-
citement. ^{by wasting the} ~~by depressing~~ Stimulants ~~how~~
act like exercise & labor. They waste the

excitement by fruitless, morbid actions, or
by which ^{disorder} ~~leaves~~ causes the body in a Strictum State

or full of Obstructions. In these
cases, - ^{Stimulants} ~~remedies~~ can do nothing, - for
they have no excitability to act upon,
^{not only} hence the origin, but the mortality
of chronic diseases. Very different is the
case of the acute Diseases where Depletion
or reductive remedies have been ^{employed} ~~used~~.

They reduce excitement - they prevent
effusions & obstructions - and they ^{accumulate} ~~retain~~
with a stock of the ^{excitability} of the System, as to enable
the ^{by acting immediately upon it, to} Stimulants ~~remove the~~ predisposing
excitability, ~~and depleting~~ remedies to which
the predisposition, or the depleting emetics
had left upon the System. I am sure
that Dr Sydenham understood this
principle in the best ^{way} when he urged
the use of depleting ~~as~~ remedies in all

Dr. W. Darrow calls ^{34 the} personal power
excitability of the system in an accelerated
manner, and for example: - Injections have
caused a violent inflam.^r Rheumatism - hard labor
was tonic madness - and the hot & cold baths in
Inception (after the Indian manner) ^{have cured} - are acute
fevers of great morbid action. These Remedies always
do violence to the Constitution, & are never safe
where the blood vessels are affected, in common habits.

If they ^{are} ⁱⁿ to a violent fever, what breaking
the hinges of ^{like} instead ^{un-}
~~open~~ ~~open~~ a door is, ~~is~~ compound with un-
turning a key, in order to open it. So there
are however some ~~some~~ depletion remedies that
be preferred to them, as more safe, & certain, tho'
less rapid in their operation. There are however
instances of diseases which are removed beyond
the influence of depletion. The Tetanus is one
of them. Here opium - Wine - Spgs.
& Bark perform a cure by prostrating the
excitement, and expending the excitability of the

✓ They are most safe in the muscular Diseases, for
in them the bloodvessels are generally free of Disease &
again there are Diseases which yield
alike to depletion & stimulating Remedies.

These are generally the moderate grades
of Bilious fever. They are often cured with
equal certainty by a purge & by large doses
of Bark. —

+ They are safe too in certain
diseases of centrifugal direction as Rheumatism
etc.

= violent or acute Diseases, but I am
sure he ~~followed~~ the practice founded
upon it, - hence we observe - he never
prescribes a stimulating or tonic Med.
without preparing the body for it by
bleeding or a purge. The excitability of
the system was thus accumulated,
by which means
~~and~~ his stimulating tonic medicines
then acted with certainty - forced
success. Return to p 31. ~~at~~

These bring in the four or five ways
as mouth - nose lungs - bowls often in sedatives are
given

~~Syphosis~~ muscular system.³⁵ ✓

There has been a good deal of difficulty, and some controversy, in determining when to begin the use of Stimulating Remedies, &c. I mentioned this formerly. The stage of the disease, and the previous exhibition of depleting remedies should always be taken into consideration. But our reliance should be placed chiefly upon the effects they produce upon the body. ~~and more especially the pulse.~~ If they create distressing heat - or pain - ~~or a~~ fulness in the head - breast, or bowels, & ~~a~~ and above all, if they bring on greater ~~quicker~~ frequency, with weakness in the pulse, it is a sign they have been ~~given~~ given prematurely, and it will be necessary to refrain from their further use. If on the contrary, they ~~produce~~ ^{produce} none of the above effects, and ~~chiefly~~ ^{chiefly} if they in- part ~~signs to the system~~ fulness & showiness ~~they are~~ to the pulse, they are perfectly safe,

~~they are alike proper in the
I have hitherto ~~done~~ of stimulants~~
Illustration of the Systems
sometimes given by Amus does good.

~~✓ I acknowledge this rule is applied chiefly
to diseases in which the Arterial System
is affected. In diseases of the other systems,
we are often left without any guide to
determine upon the dose of a stimulant, or
the part to which it shd be applied. Could
discover of an instrument to measure the quantity
or grades, & states of excitability in the different
systems of the body, would deserve more from
the world, than the discovery of the solar system,
Did I know who gladly would I embrace
the feet of such a benefactor to mankind -
and But until such a discovery can be
made we must rely as I said formerly
upon ^{our} former experience from the resemblance
of diseases, & upon actual experiment.~~

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and may be continued with very probable
expectation of advantage. ^{Some of} you saw this in
my paper's case in typhus pubn ^{you saw this in} Consumption in ¹⁸⁰⁵

we shall proceed now to mention the
manner in which Stimulants should be
given when they are intended to act directly
upon the System, ~~this leads us to the 6th~~

~~article in our syllabus which includes~~
~~those stimulants + this is an important~~
part of our course, requires the closest
attention. go to p: 16 of old lectures (n^o),

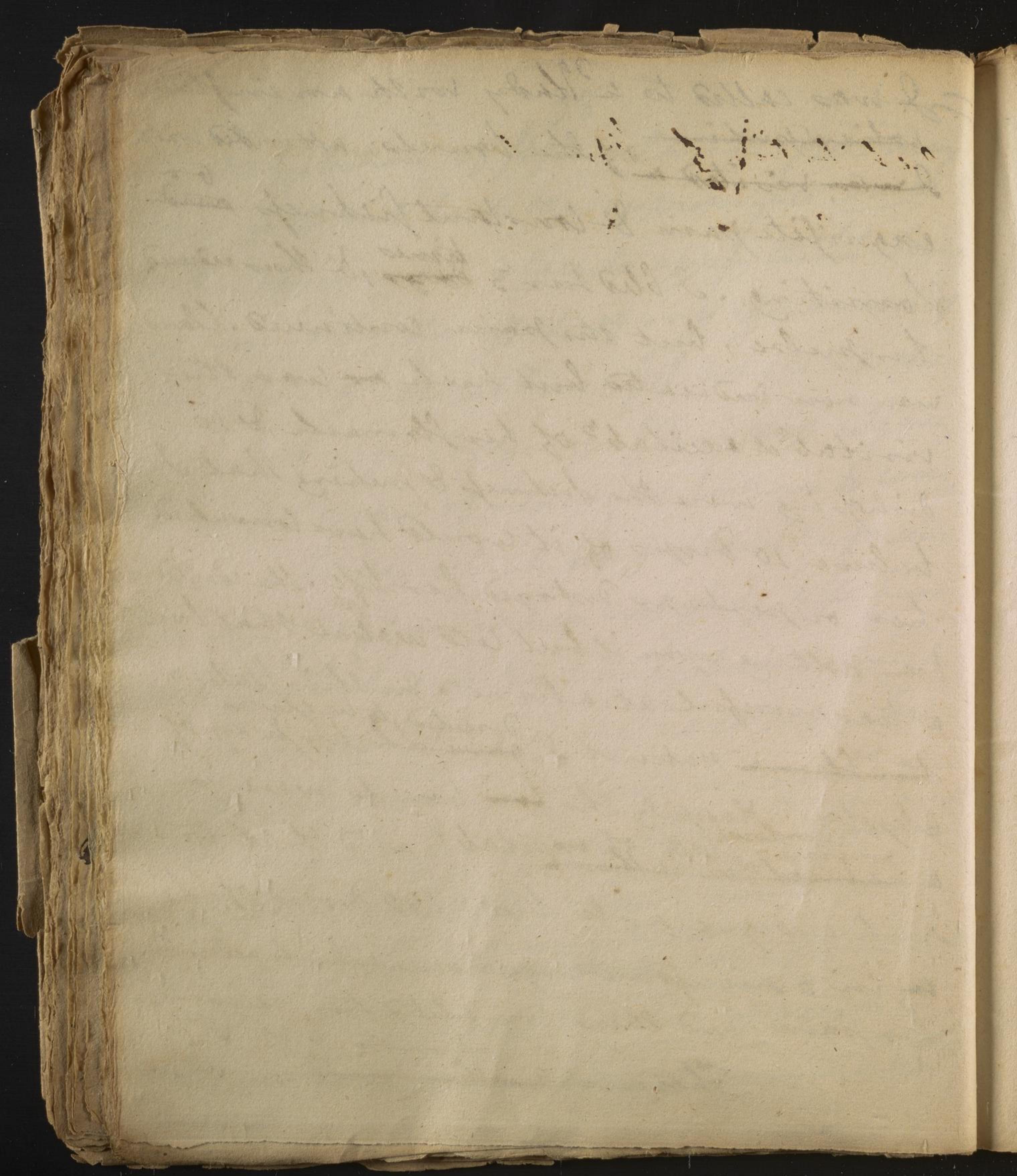
This leads us to ~~our~~ ^{the} 6th article in
~~our syllabus~~ viz to consider the med.
which destroy morbid action at once ^{or gradually} or
remove morbid action by exciting
other ^{stronger}, or less diseased action in ^{the}
diseased part, or in some ^{other} part of the
body. — These are said are direct
stimulants. The following ^{disections} ~~are~~
to be followed for this purpose.

the exhibition of stimulants. We may
 thus find out both the appropriate dose
 & the appropriate place to apply it. Some
 of you saw the effects of my ignorance of
 the state of excitab^y in Dr. White at the
 hospital a few days ago Jan^y 1808. I gave
 him 30 drops of Llond: at bed time to com-
 plete a cough which ~~had~~ followed upon
 =mury. It ~~excited~~ not only kept him
 awake, but excited his system so much
 as to under ~~it~~ occupy next day. In
 drops would probably have induced sleep,
 and relieved him afterwards. ^{In the night} without these
 few ~~days~~ of Jan^y 1808 I ^{was} been more
 successful in ~~his~~ ⁱⁿ accommodating ~~the~~ ^{an} stimulant
 to the ~~heat~~ <sup>excitab^y & grade of excitab^y.
~~Effected~~ ^{after} ~~but~~ ^{but} ~~more~~ ^{more} ~~days~~ ^{days} ~~and~~ ^{and}</sup>

I was called to a ^{3⁹} Lady with an inflam-
~~colised portion~~^{ed} of the bowels, attended with
~~decomposition~~^{excruciating} pain & constant sickness ~~and~~
Vomiting. I bled her 3 ^{times} ~~days~~, & thus reduced
her pulse, but the pain continued. Bland:
was now indicated, but such ~~so~~ was the
visceral & mental ^{excitab³} of her stomach, & so
distressing were the sickness & pain, that I
believe 10 drops of it would have convulsed
her or perhaps destroyed her life. She could
bear nothing upon it but cold water & that but
a teaspoonful at a time. In this state of
her ~~stomach~~ patient I directed ^{to be given} ~~to~~
Glyster. Happily the ~~less~~ bowels were in
~~a nervous, or rheumatic~~^{or low} state of excitab³ and that to
such a degree as to bear 150 drops of thord.
in 3 successive injections which relieved
her pain, and thus completed her recovery.

return to p 36 V

~~There is another note in the~~



exhibiting Stimulants, which deserves
our Attention, and that is

